# **PATIENT INFORMATION**

# Inspection/examination of the ureter & biopsy : procedure-specific information

## What is the evidence base for this information?

This leaflet includes advice from consensus panels, the British Association of Urological Surgeons, the Department of Health and evidence-based sources; it is, therefore, a reflection of best practice in the UK. It is intended to supplement any advice you may already have been given by your GP or other healthcare professionals. Alternative treatments are outlined below and can be discussed in more detail with your Urologist or Specialist Nurse.

# What does the procedure involve?

Examination of the ureter and kidney  $\pm$  biopsy, with possible placement of a plastic tube or stent. This procedure usually includes cystoscopy and x-ray screening

# What are the alternatives to this procedure?

Open surgery, other X-ray investigations or further observation



Source: Urology Reference No: 5611-1 Issue date: 27.06.2014 Review date: 27.06.2016 Page 1 of 5

# What should I expect before the procedure?

You will usually be admitted on the same day as your surgery. You will normally receive an appointment for pre-assessment, approximately 14 days before your admission, to assess your general fitness, to screen for the carriage of MRSA and to perform some baseline investigations. After admission, you will be seen by members of the medical team which may include the Consultant, Specialist Registrar, House Officer and your named nurse.

You will be asked not to eat or drink for 6 hours before surgery and, immediately before the operation, you may be given a pre-medication by the anaesthetist which will make you dry-mouthed and pleasantly sleepy.

Please be sure to inform your Urologist in advance of your surgery if you have any of the following:

- an artificial heart valve
- a coronary artery stent
- a heart pacemaker or defibrillator
- an artificial joint
- an artificial blood vessel graft
- a neurosurgical shunt
- any other implanted foreign body
- a prescription for Warfarin, Aspirin or Clopidogrel (Plavix®)
- a previous or current MRSA infection

# What happens during the procedure?

Normally, a full general anaesthetic will be used and you will be asleep throughout the procedure.



You will usually be given injectable antibiotics before the procedure, after checking for any allergies.

A telescope is inserted into the bladder through the water pipe (urethra). Under X-ray screening, a flexible guidewire is inserted into the affected ureter up to the kidney. A longer telescope (either rigid or flexible) is then inserted into the ureter and passed up to the kidney.

Any abnormal areas in the ureter or kidney are biopsied and it may be necessary to leave a ureteric stent and/or a bladder catheter in place after the operation.

# What happens immediately after the procedure?

If a bladder catheter has been inserted, this is usually removed on the day after surgery. You will be able to go home once you are passing urine normally.

The average hospital stay is 1 day

### Are there any side-effects?

Most procedures have a potential for side-effects. You should be reassured that, although all these complications are well-recognised, the majority of patients do not suffer any problems after a urological procedure.

Please use the check boxes to tick off individual items when you are happy that they have been discussed to your satisfaction:

#### Common (greater than 1 in 10)

- □ Mild burning or bleeding on passing urine for short period after operation
- □ Temporary insertion of a bladder catheter
- □ Insertion of ureteric stent with a further procedure to remove it
- □ No guarantee of cure as this is often a diagnostic procedure only

#### Occasional (between 1 in 10 and 1 in 50)

- □ Kidney damage or infection needing further treatment
- □ Failure to pass the telescope if the ureter is narrow

#### Rare (less than 1 in 50)

- □ Finding cancer requiring additional therapy
- □ Damage to the ureter with need for open operation or tube placed into kidney directly from the back to allow any leak to heal
- □ Very rarely, scarring or stricture of the ureter requiring further procedures

# Hospital-acquired infection (overall chance of contracting infection during stay at the West Suffolk Hospital (all wards included)

(obtained from West Suffolk Hospital Infection Control Data June 2009)

□ MRSA bloodstream infection (0.0000394 cases per bed day occupancy)

□ Clostridium difficile bowel infection (0.0004865 cases per bed day occupancy)

(These rates may be greater in high-risk patients e.g. with long-term drainage tubes, after prolonged hospitalisation or after multiple admissions)

# What should I expect when I get home?

When you get home, you should drink twice as much fluid as you would normally to flush your system through and minimise any bleeding.

You may experience pain in the kidney over the first 24-72 hours, due to the swelling caused by insertion of the instrument or by the presence of a stent. Anti-inflammatory painkillers will help this pain which normally settles after 72 hours.

It may take at least 10 days to recover fully from the operation. You should not expect to return to work within 7 days.

When you leave hospital, you will be given a "draft" discharge summary of your admission. This holds important information about your inpatient stay and your operation. If, in the first few weeks after your discharge, you need to call your GP for any reason or to attend another hospital, please take this summary with you to allow the doctors to see details of your treatment. This is particularly important if you need to consult another doctor within a few days of your discharge.

# What else should I look out for?

If you develop a fever, severe pain on passing urine, inability to pass urine or worsening bleeding, you should contact your GP immediately. Small blood clots or debris may also pass down the ureter from the kidney, resulting in renal colic; in this event, you should contact your GP immediately

# Are there any other important points?

If a biopsy has been taken, it may take 14-21 days before these are available. It is normal practice for the results of all biopsies to be discussed in detail at a multi-disciplinary meeting before any further treatment decisions are made. You and your GP will be informed of the results after this discussion.

If you have any continuing problems regarding the results, you can telephone the Specialist Nurses or speak to your GP at his/her surgery.

Depending on the underlying problem, an outpatient appointment, further treatment or another admission may be arranged for you before you leave the hospital. Your Consultant or named nurse will explain the details of this to you.

If a stent has been inserted, you will be informed before your discharge when the stent needs to be removed. Ureteric stents are usually removed in the Day Surgery Unit under local anaesthetic. A specific information sheet on what to expect with a ureteric stent is available from the ward or from the Specialist Nurse.

# Is there any research being carried out in this field?

There is no specific research in this area at the moment but all operative procedures performed in the department are subject to rigorous audit at a monthly Audit & Clinical Governance meeting.

# Who can I contact for more help or information?

- Uro-Oncology Nurse Specialist 01284 712735
- Urology Nurse Practitioner for 'haematuria clinic', chemotherapy & BCG therapy 01284 712806
- Urology Nurse Practitioner for prostate (transrectal) ultrasound clinic, erectile dysfunction clinic 01284 713229
- Urology Nurse Practitioner for prostate assessment clinic, self catheterisation clinic 01284 713229

# Other contacts

Chaplaincy - Telephone: 01284 713486

# What should I do with this form?

Thank you for taking the trouble to read this information sheet. If you wish to sign it and retain a copy for your own records, please do so below.

If you would like a copy of this form to be filed in your hospital records for future reference, please let your Urologist or Specialist Nurse know.

I have read this information sheet and I accept the information it provides.

Signature.....Date.....

© West Suffolk NHS Foundation Trust